# School Redistricting Kickoff Meeting Presentation 

 November 15, 2022Presented by

## What We're Covering Today

- Introductions
- Project Goals and Objectives
- Timeline
- Project Approach/Workflow
- Guiding Principles
- Town Background
- District Background
- Questions/Discussion


Redistricting Analysis Committee -

## Introductions - Franklin Schools Advisory Committee

At your tables...
Please introduce yourself by sharing your:

1. Name
2. Role
3. School
4. Grade level (student/children)

## Introductions - AppGeo



## Priya Sankalia, Project Manager

- 18 years experience
- Worked on several school redistricting projects in MA
- Point of contact; will manage project and team
- Boston based


Ashley Tardif, Sr Geospatial Analyst

- Expert in data analysis and workflows
- Significant experience with school redistricting projects



## Russell Cohen, Geospatial Analyst

- Specialist in data ETL (extraction, transformation, loading), analyses and cartography


## Introductions - AppGeo



Bob Scardamalia, Demographer

- 40 years of experience in demographic analysis
- Chief Demographer for NY State
- Specializes in forecasting and migration studies


Caitlyn Severy, Geospatial Analyst

- Specialist in data ETL (extraction, transformation, loading), analyses and cartography


## Introducing AppGeo

- Boston-based consulting firm delivering innovative geospatial solutions since 1991
- More than a technology company; We understand strategy, process, and coordination
- Deep expertise with geospatial analysis, visualization, and application development
- Worked with hundreds of New England communities (including Town of Franklin)
- More than 10 New England School Redistricting projects
- Committed to Project Management (7 PMPs + PMO)



## Our General Approach



RESPONSIVE
\& FLEXIBLE

## Project Goals \& Objectives

- Create district-wide enrollment balance
$\checkmark \quad$ District closed a school in 2021
- Use district projections to develop, evaluate and adjust scenarios
$\checkmark$ District is seeing declining enrollment in the last 10 years
- Maintain transparent 2-way communication throughout the process


## Timeline \& Milestones

NOV - DEC 2021
Data Gathering \&
Background Analyses

DEC'21 - APR'22
Build, Review \&
Revise Scenarios

FEB - MAR 2023
Present initial proposed
scenarios to School Committee
\& Community via Public Forums


Demographic
Characteristics

JAN - FEB 2023
Incorporate Population
Projections into
Scenarios

APRIL 2023
Incorporate feedback and finalize scenarios for School Committee Vote

## Meeting Dates - Redistricting Committee

Kickoff Meeting - Tuesday November 15, 2022 (in-person)
Meeting \#2 - Tuesday December 20, 2022 (virtual)
Meeting \#3 - Tuesday January 17, 2023 (virtual)
Meeting \#4 - Tuesday March 21, 2023 (virtual)

## Overall Project Approach

Data Gathering \&<br>Processing

## Component \& Scenario Building

Scenario Evaluation
Community Outreach


Powerful
visualizations and presentations for community meetings and communication

## Examples of Considerations

Ensure best use of existing or planned school space.

School and room capacity.

Ensure kids have safe walk to school.

Focus on walkability; identify walking routes

Minimize
impact on families.

Identify siblings - no splitting families

Minimize impact to special school programs.

Expect no changes to special ed programs

Avoid dramatic increase in transportation costs.

Evaluate need for bussing

Account for future development/growth in the plan.

Work with planning dept to identify new developments

## Data Gathering \& Processing

We geocode current student data, confirm district boundaries, analyze demographic information (census), and consider development plans.


## Components \& Scenario Building

Components are building blocks that give us the tools to build scenarios. Scenarios are then built collaboratively using redistricting tools


We present the outcomes including before and after scenario implementation, percentages, totals based on capacity, equity, drive time analyses, etc.
Demographics are crucial in this process.

## Scenario Evaluation

Scenarios are evaluated against the considerations, identifying pros and cons of each scenario. There are many ways to evaluate scenarios - create an evaluation matrix or list pros and cons but reasoning for picking scenarios should be explained

| Scenario Comparison Matrix |
| :--- |
| Guiding <br> Principles Met SCENARIO 1C SCENARIO 2 <br> Keeps <br> neighborhoods <br> together YES <br> Only large pockets of <br> students moved <br> Keeps all Vining <br> students together -Small number of <br> students moved <br> Keeps all Vining <br> students together <br> Middle School <br> split eliminated <br> YES <br> Minimize physical <br> distance YES YES |
| Additional <br> considerations |
| Balances middle school <br> enrollment between the 2 <br> schools |

SCENARIO 3



## Community Outreach


Why do we need a
redistricting plan?
Scenarios are presented in multiple visualizations with maps and graphics and as much supporting information as needed. A preferred scenario is adopted only after thorough vetting by the working group, staff, community and vote by school committee.


- Enrolliment Growh

Overcrowded Schools Lack of space for allied arts
and specialized spaces

- Providing access to full dry kindergarten for all
students
Mansed new housing developments
New Beal under construction

Determining Future Enrollment Growth \&
Targets
Our projected K-4 enrodment for 2021:2022 in 2,126


## Community Outreach




## Residential Parcel Distribution

| Elementary <br> School District | Single Family <br> Parcels | Multi-Family <br> Parcels | Other/Unknown <br> Residential <br> Parcels |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Helen Keller | 2,458 | 579 | 129 |
| John F Kennedy | 1,532 | 110 | 45 |
| Jefferson | 1,249 | 132 | 78 |
| Oak Street | 1,445 | 913 | 41 |
| Parmenter | 1,108 | 633 | 115 |



## Residential Last Sale History

| Elementary <br> School District | Parcels Sold <br> Before 2000 | Parcels Sold <br> $\mathbf{2 0 0 0} \mathbf{- 2 0 0 9}$ | Parcels Sold <br> $\mathbf{2 0 1 0 - 2 0 1 5}$ | Parcels Sold <br> $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 2 0 1 9}$ | Parcels Sold <br> $\mathbf{2 0 2 0 - 2 0 2 2}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Helen Keller | 605 | 599 | 517 | 729 | 716 |
| John F Kennedy | 357 | 341 | 300 | 354 | 335 |
| Jefferson | 298 | 263 | 267 | 299 | 332 |
| Oak Street | 432 | 451 | 400 | 607 | 509 |
| Parmenter | 280 | 337 | 355 | 427 | 457 |



## Zoning

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | BUSINESS |
|  | COMMERCIALI |
|  | COMMERCIAL II |
|  | DOWNTOWN COMMERCIAL DISTRICT |
|  | GENERAL RESIDENTIAL V |
|  | INDUSTRIAL |
|  | MIXED BUSINESS INNOVATION |
|  | OFFICE |
|  | RURAL BUSINESS |
|  | RESIDENTIAL VI |
|  | RESIDENTIAL VII |
|  | RURAL RESIDENTIALI |
|  | RURAL RESIDENTIAL II |
|  | SINGLE-FAMILY III |
|  | SINGLE-FAMILY IV |



## Developable Land

| Elementary School <br> District | Developable <br> Parcels |
| :--- | :---: |
| Helen Keller | 28 |
| John F Kennedy | 6 |
| Jefferson | 42 |
| Oak Street | 21 |
| Parmenter | 34 |




## Elementary School Students \& Districts

| Elementary <br> School | Grade <br> K | Grade <br> $\mathbf{1}$ | Grade <br> $\mathbf{2}$ | Grade <br> $\mathbf{3}$ | Grade | Grade <br> $\mathbf{5}$ | K Thru <br> $\mathbf{5}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Helen Keller | 82 | 90 | 84 | 95 | 101 | 78 | 530 |
| John F Kennedy | 57 | 59 | 58 | 38 | 58 | 68 | 338 |
| Jefferson | 47 | 46 | 64 | 51 | 68 | 73 | 349 |
| Oak Street | 57 | 56 | 58 | 61 | 67 | 66 | 365 |
| Parmenter | 46 | 46 | 44 | 54 | 55 | 45 | 290 |



## Elementary Schools Student Racial Distribution

| Elementary School | \% African <br> American | \% <br> Asian | \% <br> Caucasian | \% Multi- <br> Race | \% Native <br> American | \% Pacific <br> Island |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Helen Keller | $2 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $89 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| John F Kennedy | $0 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $89 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| Jefferson | $4 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $83 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| Oak Street | $2 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $85 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| Parmenter | $7 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $81 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $1 \%$ |



## Elementary Schools Student Ethnic Distribution

| Elementary School | \% Hispanic or Latino |
| :--- | :---: |
| Helen Keller | $7 \%$ |
| John F Kennedy | $4 \%$ |
| Jefferson | $7 \%$ |
| Oak Street | $7 \%$ |
| Parmenter | $10 \%$ |



## Elementary Schools ELL Student Distribution

| Elementary School | \% English Learners |
| :--- | :---: |
| Helen Keller | $5 \%$ |
| John F Kennedy | $2 \%$ |
| Jefferson | $2 \%$ |
| Oak Street | $2 \%$ |
| Parmenter | $5 \%$ |



## Elementary Schools Students with Free/Reduced Lunch

| Elementary School | \% Free Reduced |
| :--- | :---: |
| Helen Keller | $21 \%$ |
| John F Kennedy | $10 \%$ |
| Jefferson | $14 \%$ |
| Oak Street | $19 \%$ |
| Parmenter | $33 \%$ |



## Elementary Schools Special Education Student Distribution



## Middle Schools - Student Distribution

| Middle School | Grade 6 | Grade 7 | Grade 8 | 6 Thru 8 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Annie Sullivan | 115 | 108 | 95 | 318 |
| Horace Mann | 142 | 109 | 125 | 376 |
| Remington | 122 | 113 | 134 | 369 |



## Middle Schools - Student Racial Distribution

| Middle School | \% African <br> American | \% <br> Asian | \% <br> Caucasian | Multi- <br> Race | \% Native <br> American | Pacific <br> Island |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Annie Sullivan | $3 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $88 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| Horace Mann | $1 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $87 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| Remington | $5 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $85 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |



## Middle Schools Student Ethnic Distribution

| Middle School | \% Hispanic or Latino |
| :--- | :---: |
| Annie Sullivan | $5 \%$ |
| Horace Mann | $5 \%$ |
| Remington | $7 \%$ |



## Middle Schools -

## ELL Student Distribution

| Middle School | \% English Learners |
| :--- | :---: |
| Annie Sullivan | $2 \%$ |
| Horace Mann | $1 \%$ |
| Remington | $2 \%$ |



## Middle Schools Students with Free/Reduced Lunch



## Middle Schools Special Education Student Distribution

| Middle School | \% Special Ed |
| :--- | :---: |
| Annie Sullivan | $20 \%$ |
| Horace Mann | $18 \%$ |
| Remington | $23 \%$ |



## Proposed Guiding Principles

1. Educational Needs \& School Capacity
a. Student educational needs will be met regardless of school assignment.
b. Student population must be distributed so that each school has sufficient, appropriate, dedicated instructional spaces.
c. Appropriate dedicated space shall be maintained for English Language Learner (ELL) programs, in-district specialized programs, and other instructional interventions
d. Suitable space will be dedicated for the Early Childhood Development Center
2. Community \& Neighborhoods
a. School assignments will be determined by drawing attendance zone boundaries and should emphasize a "neighborhood school" approach by prioritizing geographic proximity of home to school for walkability and efficient transportation, while keeping geographic entities intact
b. Changes of school assignments for existing students should be minimized to the greatest extent possible within the context of the other priorities.
c. Acknowledge students who already transitioned from Davis Thayer Elementary to Helen Keller Elementary.
3. Sustainability
a. Future potential population growth should be considered when establishing attendance zones.
4. Financial
a. Minimizes impact on transportation costs
b. Consider other financial impacts

## Table Talk (5 minutes)

At your table groups...

1. Review Guiding Principles
2. Discuss and Prioritize
3. Table representatives report out key takeaways and themes

## Next Steps

- Share Final Guiding Principles
- District working group will meet with AppGeo to prepare data for next meeting
- Meeting \#2 - Tuesday December 20, 2022 (virtual)


## Questions?



