# EDUCATOR EVALUATION FRAMEWORK OVERVIEW

A Transformational Partnership Between the Franklin School Committee, Franklin Educator's Association and Franklin Schools Administration

#### Introduction

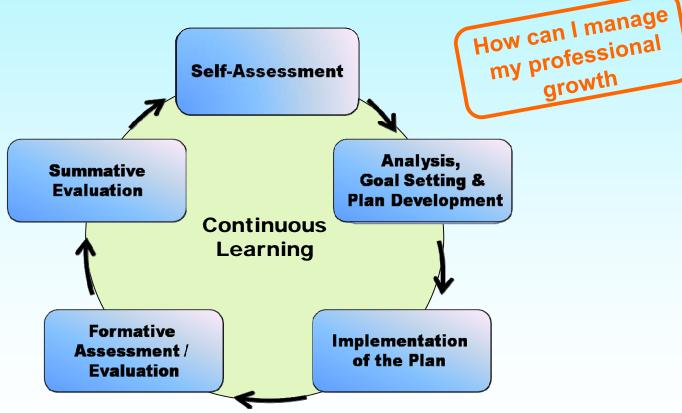
- Goals of New Educator Evaluation System
  - 5 Step cycle for all educators that facilitates continuous learning
  - Fosters Labor/ManagementCollaboration
  - Empowers teachers/teams to design individual growth plan(s) to inform instruction

## Why Is This Change Transformational?

- Effective Teachers and Leaders Matter
  - No other school based factor has a greater influence on student achievement as school leadership and effective teachers (Darling-Hammond, 2008)
  - Effective leaders create the conditions that enable teachers to be effective in fostering the climate for student learning
  - Historically evaluation systems focused on the teacher on not on student learning outcomes

#### **A Culture of Continuous Learning**

5-Step Evaluation Cycle for all educators serving in a position that requires a license 35.06





#### **Evaluation Process Summary**

SUMMATIVE EVALUATION

REVIEW OF EVIDENCE AND DATA

IMPLEMENTATION OF EDUCATOR PLAN

PLAN DEVELOPMENT / GOAL SETTING

**SELF ASESSMENT** 

#### 2011-2012 Requirements

- All educators and supervisors will complete Self-Assessment
- All educators and supervisors will develop an Educator Plan that outlines 2 goals
  - Student Learning Goal
  - Educator Professional Practice Goal
  - Identify Actions to Achieve Goals
    - Observations (products of practice)
    - Formative Assessment Data
    - Summative Evaluation

#### Step 1 / Self-Assessment 603 CMR 35.02 (2) (a)

- Required by all personnel / 2 Requirements for goal setting:
- Professional practice self-assessment
  - Using performance standards (rubrics) develop goal(s) to inform professional practice
- Student learning self-assessment
  - Using evidence to analyze student performance
  - Develop goal(s), using evidence to improve student outcomes

#### Goal Setting 603 CMR 35.06 (a-c)

- All educators must develop at least:
  - One goal for student learning, growth and achievement
  - One goal to inform professional practice
- Each Educator and Evaluator must consider team, grade or department goals
- Educator proposes goals; supervisor determines goals

### Two Types of Goals 603 CMR 35.02

Student Learning Goals:

"specified improvement in student learning, growth and achievement"

Professional Practice Goals:

> "educator practice as measured in relation to performance standards and indicators

### Goal Setting / SMART GOALS

- Goals should be
  - Specific and Strategic
  - Measureable
  - Action Oriented
  - Realistic and Results Oriented
  - Time -bound and Tracked

Failure is Not An Option (p.91) by Blankstein, 2004

## Example of Typical Goal (Team Goal/ Focus: Student Learning)

100% of students will advance a reading level as measured by reading comprehension scores.

Is this goal **S**pecific, **M**easureable, **A**ction-oriented, **R**ealistic/Results oriented and **T**imebound?

DESE sample

#### **SMART Goal Revision**

100% of grade eight team's students will advance 1-2 reading levels by the end of the first semester, as measured by the reading comprehension scores on DRA-2, so that by the end of the 2011-2012 school year all students have advanced 2 or more reading levels in reading comprehension.

DESE sample

#### DESE Example #2 (Team Goal/ Professional Practice)

The grade four team will create reading comprehension formative assessments and analyze formative data.

#### SMART Goal/ Mastery Goal

Beginning in September, the grade four team will create monthly, reading comprehension formative assessments so that 100% of the teachers are using the assessments monthly, analyzing the resulting formative data to inform instruction based on the student outcomes.

DESE sample

Standards and Indicators for Effective Teaching	Practice: Rubric Outline
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I. Curriculum,	II. Teaching All	III. Family & Community	IV. Professional			
Planning, & Assessment	Students	Engagement	Culture			
A. Curriculum and Planning	A. Instruction	A. Engagement	A. Reflection			
i. Alignment	i. Student Engagement	i . Outreach	i. Reflection			
ii. Knowledge	ii. Differentiation	ii. Cultural Sensitivity	ii. Goal-setting			
iii. Higher-Order Thinking	iii. Learning Expectations	iii. Community Resources	_			
	iv. Clarity		B. Professional Growth			
B. Assessment	v. Materials	B. Collaboration	i. Professional Growth			
i. Assessment Design	vi. Responsiveness	i. Academic Involvement	ii. Expanding Expertise			
ii. Application to Instruction	vii. Connections					
		C. Communication	C. Collaboration			
C. Analysis		i. Frequency	i. Collaboration			
i. Analysis	i. Relationships	ii. Reporting				
ii. Feedback	ii. Social-Emotional	iii. Response to Families	D. Decision-making			
	Growth		i. Leadership			
	iii. Routines					
	iv. Physical Environment		E. Shared Responsibility			
	v. Behavior Management		i. Enrichment			
			ii. Collaborative Practices			
	C. Cultural Proficiency					
	i. Advocacy		F. Professional Responsibilities			
	ii. Diversity		i. Attendance			
	iii. Perspectives		ii. Judgment			
	D.F					
	D. Expectations					
	i. Mindset					
	ii. Student Support					
	iii. Student Ownership					

#### Standards and Indicators for Effective Administrative Leadership: Rubric Outline

I. Instructional	II. Management	III. Family & Community	IV. Professional
Leadership	& Operations	Engagement	Culture
A. Curriculum	A. Environment	A. Engagement	A. Commitment to High
i. Student Targets	i. Student Discipline	i . Family Engagement	Standards
ii. Curriculum	ii. Transitions	, , ,	i. Meetings
	iii. Cleanliness & Safety	B. Sharing Responsibility	ii. Teams
B. Instruction		i. Student Support	iii. Staff Support
i. Alignment	B. Human Resources	ii. Outreach	
ii. Pedagogy	Management &		B. Cultural Proficiency
iii. Follow-up	Development	C. Communication	i. Perspectives
	i. Hiring & Recruitment	i. Frequency	
C. Assessment	ii. Development	ii.Communication Strategies	C. Communication
i. Interims	iii. Team Culture	iii. Cultural Sensitivity	i. School-Wide Goals
ii. Analysis	iv. Shared Leadership		ii. Publicity and School Pride
		D. Family Concerns	
D. Evaluation	C. Scheduling &	i. Response to Families	
i. Supervision	Management Information		D. Continuous Learning
ii. Observation	Systems		i. Reflective Practice
iii. Ratings	i. Planning & Efficiency		ii. Development
iv. Quality of Feedback for	ii. Scheduling Team Time		iii. Staff Empowerment
Improvement	iii. Macro Strategies		- at 1-11
			E. Shared Vision
E. Data-informed Decision-	D. Laws, Ethics, & Policies		i. Shared Vision
making	i. Compliance		ii. Relationship Building
i. Strategic Planning	ii. Bureaucracy Management		iii. Transparency & Involvement
ii. Monitoring	F. F. 10 .		
	E. Fiscal Systems		F. Managing Conflict
	i. Fiscal Systems		i. Managing Conflict

## What Evidence Contributes to the Educator's Evaluation?

- Progress on Achieving Mastery Goals
  - Student Learning
  - Professional Practice
  - Achievement data,
     portfolio of student
     work, capstone
     projects, lesson plans,
     artifacts such as
     meeting minutes.

- Products of Practice and Evidence of Student Learning
  - Assessed on 4Standards
  - Data on Multiple
     Measures of Student
     Learning
  - Multiple MeasuresTimeline 2015

#### How Will Educator's Be Rated

- Educator's rated on each standard and receive an overall summative performance rating
- Formative Assessment
  - On going assessment through conversations with supervisor, review of evidence and re-assessment of goals and progress
  - Informs educational growth plan
- Evaluative Ratings
  - Exemplary
  - Proficient
  - Needs Improvement
  - Unsatisfactory

#### Summative Evaluation

- Summative formerly known as final evaluation
- Review of all data and an assessment of educator's impact on student outcomes and learning
- Evaluation data is used to inform personnel actions (i.e.PTS/Non-renewal)
- Summative evaluation/rating determines the type and duration of the Educator Plan
  - Exemplary/Proficient- two year growth plan
  - NI/Unsatisfactory- shorter more prescriptive intervention plan

#### 2011-2012 Implementation

- Meeting with FEA Leadership, Administration and Staff
- All Personnel Completed Self-Assessment and Development 2 SMART goals
- All administration will be evaluated 2011-2012
- 120 Teacher Volunteers / All Disciplines
- School Committee, FEA and administration team training opportunity Winter 2012
- Interest-based Bargaining

### How is the School Committee Involved?

- Commitment to engage in Interest-Based,
   Collaborative Bargaining
- Opportunity to engage with FEA to create a win-win-win for students, personnel and community members
- Opportunity to establish process for continuous problem solving through joint decision-making

#### Next Steps

- Teachers will consult with principals and review evidence and discuss process at building level
- District team will continue to meet with DESE as part of pilot program
- School Committee, FEA and administration will discuss impact and develop contract language as we transition to full implementation
- Training on IBB and through ACCEPT Collaborative

## THANK YOU Questions/Comments